

# IC for Regulator+Reset Monolithic IC MM1688 Series

## Outline

This IC is a regulator (2 circuits) + reset IC developed for optical disc drives such as DVD-ROM drives. Regulator output voltage and reset detection voltage are fixed, while regulator output voltage and reset detection voltage are programmable ranging from 1.5V to 5.0V, and 2.7V to 5.0V respectively upon request.

## Features

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. Output voltage accuracy  | $\pm 2\%$  |
| 2. Dropout voltage  | 0.06V typ. ( $I_o=70\text{mA}$ , regulator 1, 2) |
| 3. Large output current   | 300mA max.                                       |
| 4. High ripple rejection  | 80dB typ. (regulator 1, 2)                       |
| 5. Incorporates thermal shutdown circuit  |  |
| 6. Incorporates current limit circuit   |  |
| 7. Reset detection voltage  | 1.5 to 5.0V                                      |
| 8. Delay time from voltage detection to reset release can be easily programmed. |  |

## Packages

1. SOP-8D
2. HSOP-8A

## Applications

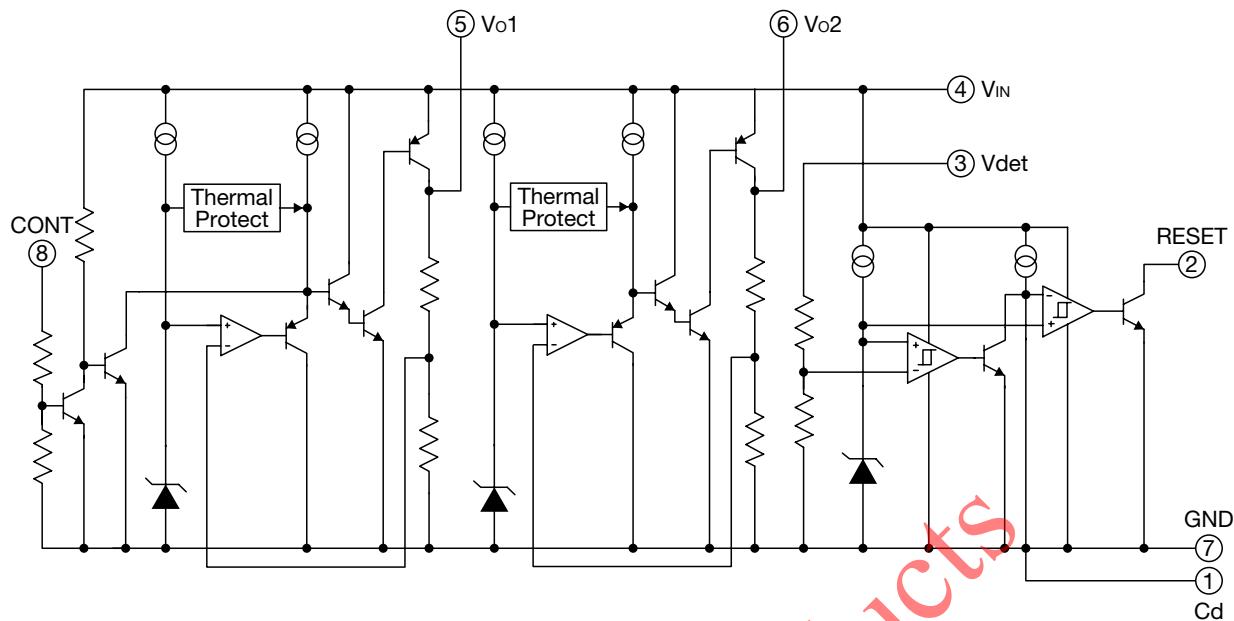
1. CD-ROM drive
2. Optical disc drivers

## Pin Assignment

1	Cd
2	Reset
3	Vdet
4	VIN
5	Vo1
6	Vo2
7	GND
8	CONT

SOP-8D  
(TOP VIEW)

## Block Diagram



## Pin Assignment

Pin No.	Pin name	Function	Internal equivalent circuit diagram						
1	Cd	<p>Delay time capacitor pin The delay time of RESET output can be set according to the capacity value connected with Cd. <math>t_{PLH} = 450000 \cdot C</math> t<sub>PLH</sub>: Delay time (s) C: cd-capacitance (F)</p>							
2	RESET	<p>Reset-output pin RESET Logical table</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th></th> <th>RESET</th> </tr> <tr> <td>V<sub>det</sub>&lt;VS</td> <td>L</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V<sub>det</sub>&gt;VS</td> <td>H</td> </tr> </table> <p>When the voltage of <b>V<sub>IN</sub></b> decreases to 1.6V or less, it is likely to become "L" regardless of <b>V<sub>det</sub></b> voltage.</p>		RESET	V <sub>det</sub> <VS	L	V <sub>det</sub> >VS	H	
	RESET								
V <sub>det</sub> <VS	L								
V <sub>det</sub> >VS	H								

Pin No.	Pin name	Function	Internal equivalent circuit diagram
3	Vdet	Voltage-supply pin (RESET)	
4	V <sub>IN</sub>	Voltage-supply pin	
5	V <sub>OUT1</sub>	Output pin	
6	V <sub>OUT2</sub>	Output pin	
7	GND	Ground	
8	CONT	ON/OFF Control pin	<p>CONT</p>
		CONT pin must be connected with V <sub>IN</sub> pin, if it is not used.	

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~+150	°C
Output current 1	I <sub>OUT1</sub>	300	mA
Output current 2	I <sub>OUT2</sub>	300	mA
Power dissipation	P <sub>d</sub>	780 *1	mW

Note1: \*1 Attached on PC board (40×40×1.6mm).

### Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Operating temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40~+85	°C
Supply voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3~+10	V
Output current 1	I <sub>OUT1</sub>	0~300	mA
Output current 2	I <sub>OUT2</sub>	0~300	mA
Operating voltage	V <sub>OP</sub>	0~10	V

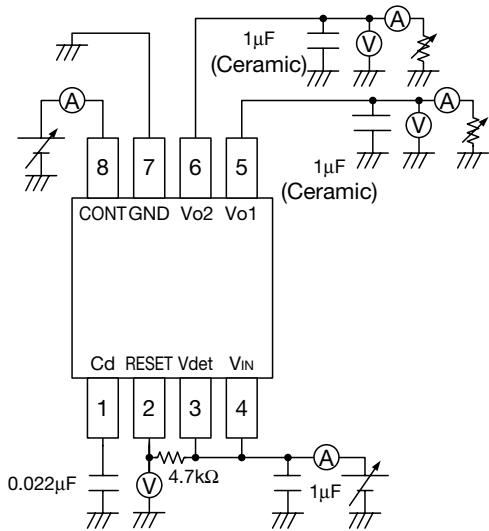
## Electrical Characteristics

(Except where noted otherwise,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{IN}=5V$ ,  $I_{O1}=30mA$ ,  $I_{O2}=30mA$ ,  $V_{CONT}=1.6V$ )

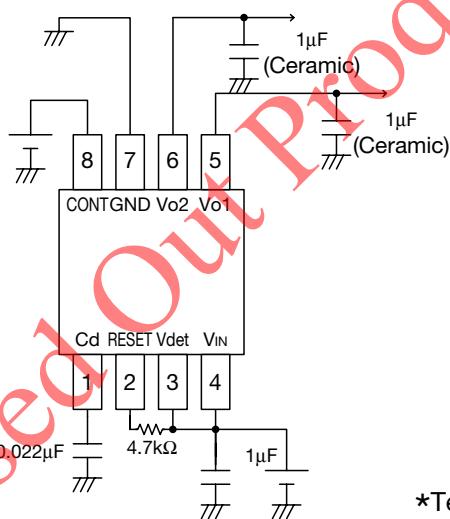
Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{IN}$ input current 1	$I_{CCQ1}$	$I_{OUT1}=I_{OUT2}=0mA$		1	2	mA
$V_{IN}$ input current 2 ( $V_{OUT1}$ -OFF)	$I_{CCQ2}$	$V_{CONT}=0.4V$ $I_{OUT2}=0mA$		0.6	1.2	mA
Vdet input current	$I_{CCQ3}$	$V_{det}=5V$		20	40	$\mu A$
<b>Regulator 1 (<math>I_{O1}=150mA</math>)</b>						
Output voltage 1	$V_{O1}$		3.23	3.30	3.37	V
Dropout voltage 1	$V_{IO1}$	$V_{IN}=3.1V$ , $I_{OUT1}=70mA$		0.06	0.18	V
Line regulation 1	$\Delta V_1$	$V_{IN}=4.4\sim5.5V$		1	20	mV
Load regulation 1	$\Delta V_2$	$I_{O1}=1\sim150mA$		20	120	mV
$V_o$ Temperature Coefficient 1 *1	$\Delta V_{O1}/\Delta T$	$T_j=-40\sim+85^\circ C$		100		ppm/ $^\circ C$
Ripple rejection 1 *1	$RR_1$	$f=1kHz$ $V_{ripple}=1V$	50	80		dB
Output noise voltage 1 *1	$V_{N1}$	$f_{BW}=20\sim80kHz$		100		$\mu V_{rms}$
CONT terminal current	$I_{ON}$	$V_{cont}=1.6V$		5	10	$\mu A$
CONT threshold level	$V_{CONTH}$			1.6		$V_{IN}+0.3$
CONT threshold level 1	$V_{CONTL}$			-0.3		V
<b>Regulator 2 (<math>I_{O2}=150mA</math>)</b>						
Output voltage 2	$V_{O2}$		3.23	3.30	3.37	V
Dropout voltage 2	$V_{IO2}$	$V_{IN}=3.1V$ , $I_{O2}=70mA$		0.06	0.18	V
Line regulation 2	$\Delta V_2$	$V_{IN}=4.4\sim5.5V$		10	20	mV
Load regulation 2	$\Delta V_2$	$I_{O2}=1\sim100mA$		20	120	mV
$V_o$ Temperature Coefficient 2 *1	$\Delta V_{O2}/\Delta T$	$T_j=-40\sim+85^\circ C$		100		ppm/ $^\circ C$
Ripple rejection 2 *1	$RR_2$	$f=1kHz$ $V_{ripple}=1V$	50	80		dB
Output noise voltage 2 *1	$V_{N2}$	$f_{BW}=20\sim80kHz$		100		$\mu V_{rms}$
<b>Reset</b>						
Detecting voltage	$V_s$	$V_{det}=H\rightarrow L$	3.63	3.70	3.77	V
$V_s$ temperature coefficient *1	$\Delta V_s/\Delta T$	$T_j=-40\sim+85^\circ C$		100		ppm/ $^\circ C$
Hysteresis voltage	$\Delta V_s$	$V_{det}=H\rightarrow L\rightarrow H$	100		200	mV
Low-level output voltage	$V_{OL}$	$V_{det}=3.5V$ $RL=4.7k\Omega$		100	200	mV
Output leakage current	$I_{OH}$	$V_{det}=5V$ $RL=0k\Omega$			$\pm 0.1$	$\mu A$
Output current 1	$I_{OL}$	$V_{det}=3.5V$ $RL=0k\Omega$	5			mA
Output current 2	$I_{OL}$	$V_{det}=3.5V$ , $RL=0k\Omega$ $T_a=-30\sim+80^\circ C$	3			mA
"H" transmission delay time *1	$t_{PLH}$	Cd Terminal Open		30	90	$\mu s$
Delay time *1	$t_{PLH1}$	$V_{det}=3.5V\rightarrow 5.0V$ $Cd=0.022\mu F$	5	10	15	ms
"L" transmission delay time *1	$t_{PHL}$			30	90	$\mu s$
Threshold operating voltage	$V_{OPL}$	$V_{OL}=0.4V$		0.65	0.85	V

Note 1: \*1 The parameter is guaranteed by design.

## Measuring Circuit



## Application Circuit

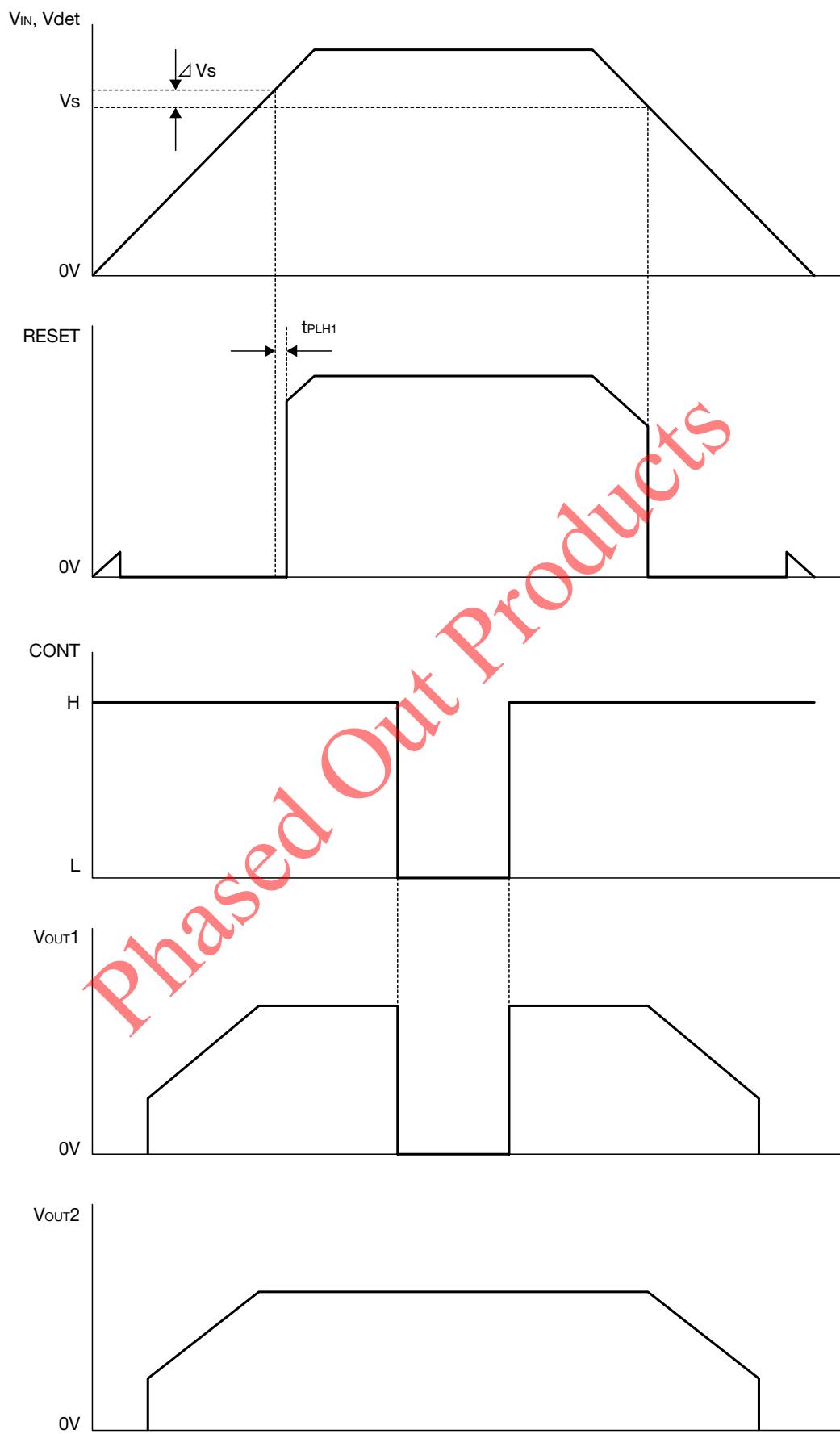


\*Temperature Characteristics: B Type

### Note

1. The output capacitor is required between output and GND to prevent oscillation.
2. The output capacitor must be used in ESR stable area.  
It is possible to use a ceramic capacitor without ESR resistance for output.  
The ceramic capacitor must be used more than 1µF and B type temperature characteristics.
3. The wire of Vcc and GND is required to print full ground plane for noise and stability.
4. The input capacitor must be connected in 1cm from the input pin.
5. In case the output voltage is above the input voltage, the overcurrent flows by internal parasitic diode from output to input. In such application, the external bypass diode must be connected between output and input pin.

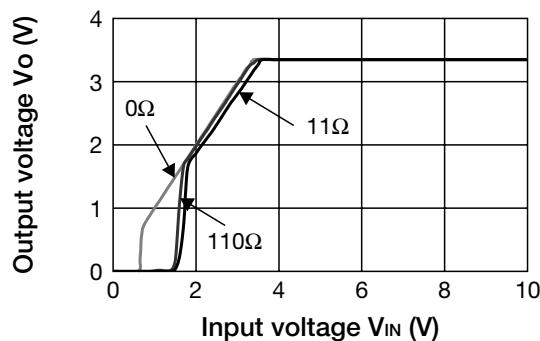
## Timing Chart



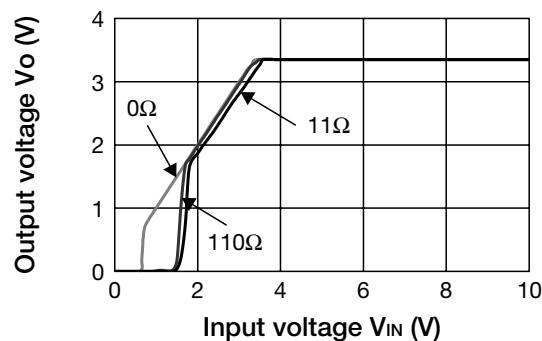
## Characteristics

(Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C, V<sub>IN</sub>=V<sub>O</sub>+1V, V<sub>CONT</sub>=1.6V, C<sub>IN</sub>=1μF, C<sub>O</sub>=1μF, C<sub>D</sub>=0.022μF)

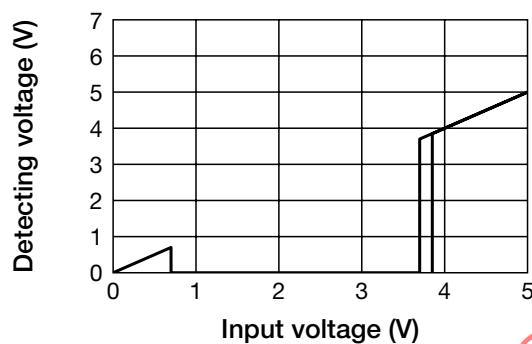
### ■ Output Voltage 1-Input Voltage



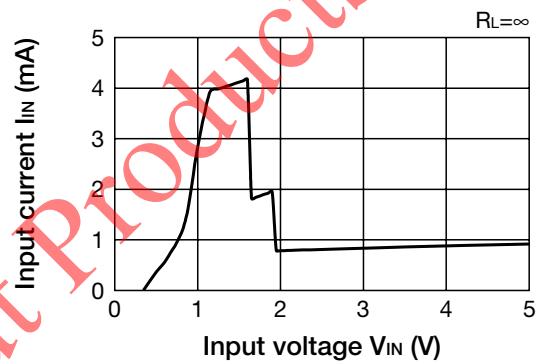
### ■ Output Voltage 2-Input Voltage



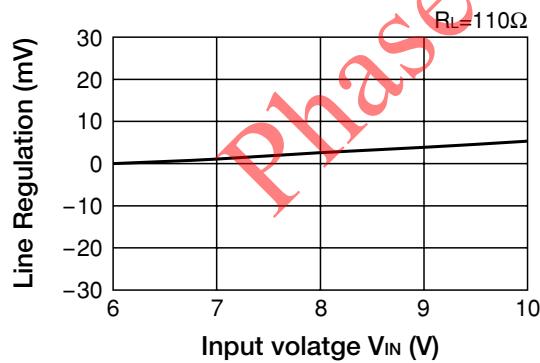
### ■ Detecting Voltage



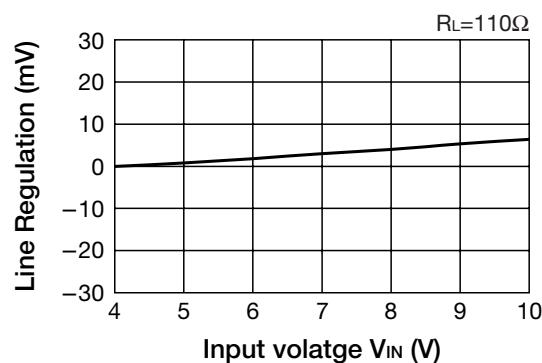
### ■ Input current-Input Voltage

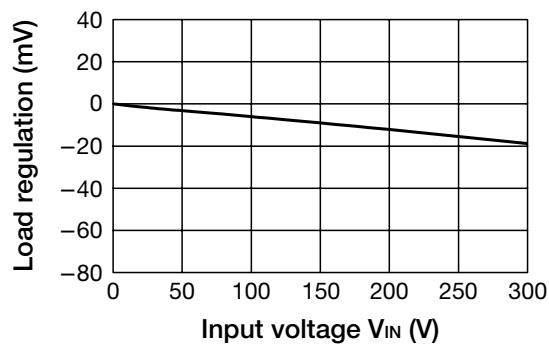
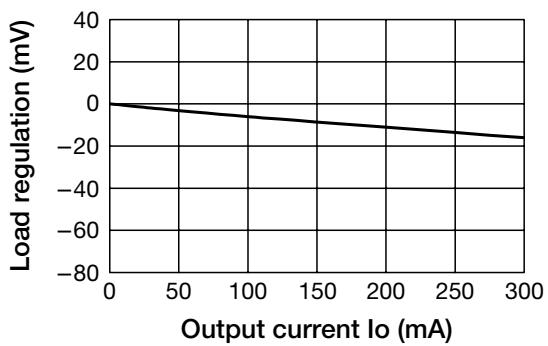
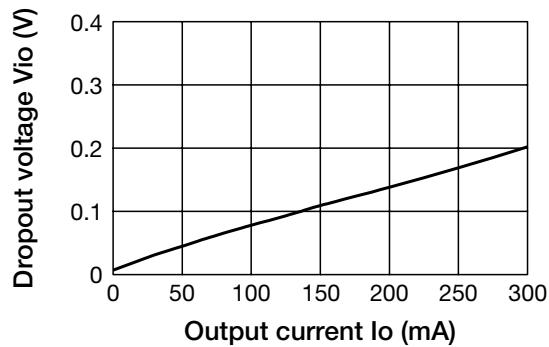
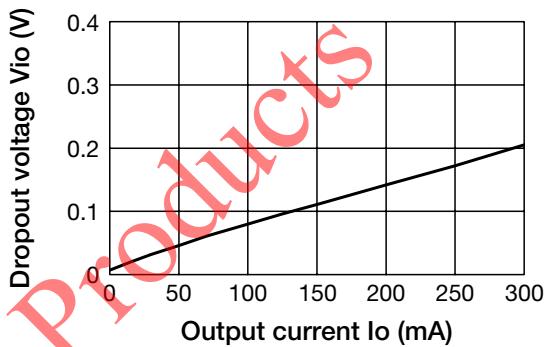
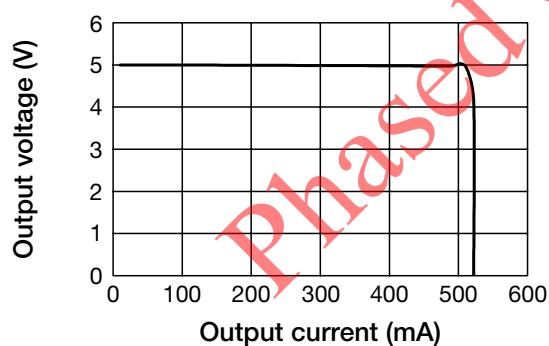
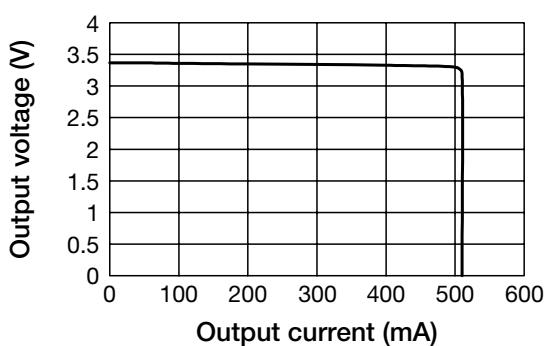


### ■ Line Regulation V<sub>O1</sub>



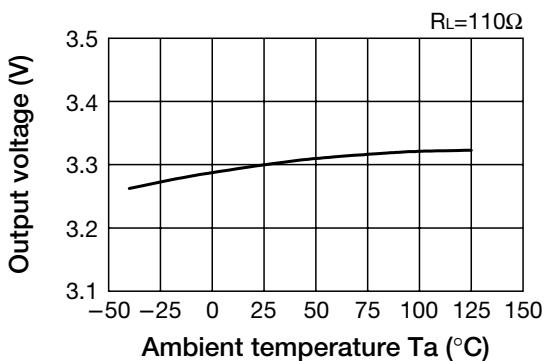
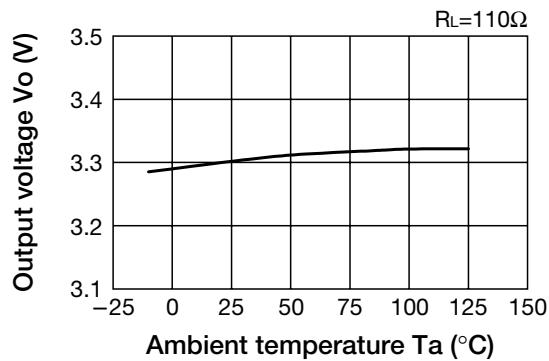
### ■ Line Regulation V<sub>O2</sub>



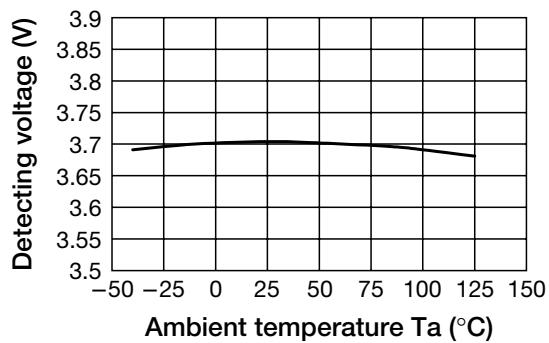
**■ Load Regulation Vo1****■ Load Regulation Vo2****■ Dropout Voltage Vo1-Output Current****■ Dropout Voltage Vo2-Output Current****■ Current Limit Vo1****■ Current Limit Vo2**

Phased Out Products

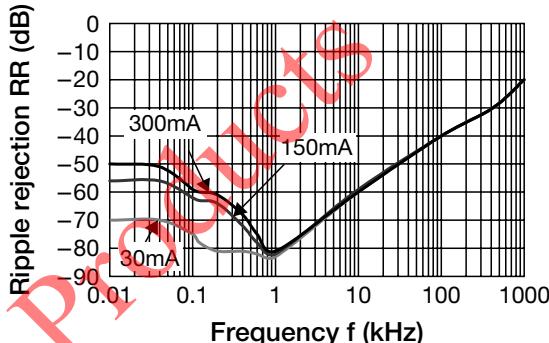
■ Output Voltage Vo1-Ambient Temperature ■ Output Voltage Vo2-Ambient Temperature



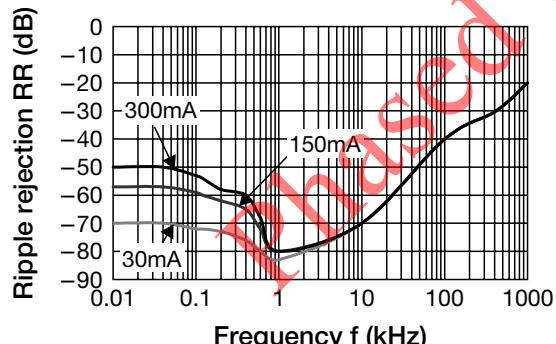
■ Detecting Voltage-Ambient Temperature



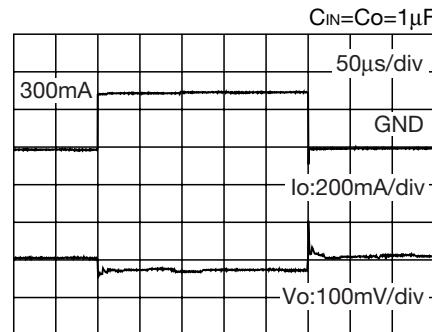
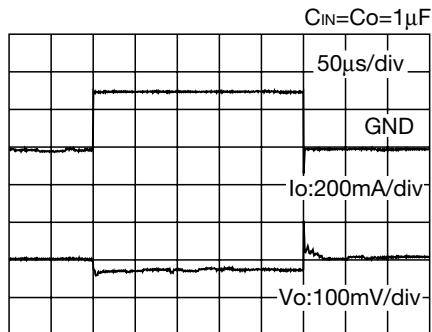
■ Ripple Rejection  $V_o1$



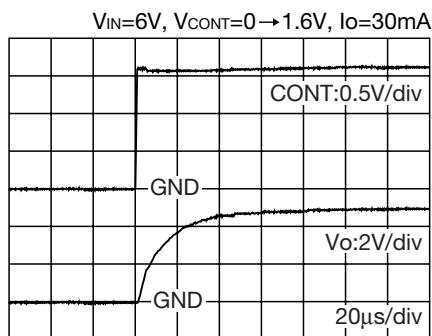
■ Ripple Rejection  $V_o2$



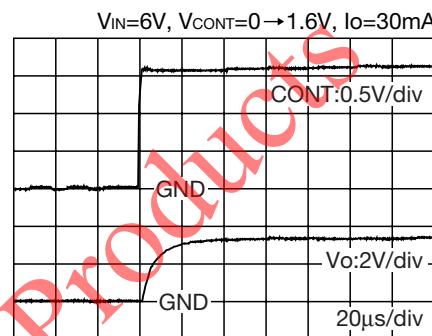
■ Load transient response Vo1 (Io=1→300mA) ■ Load transient response Vo2 (Io=1→300mA)



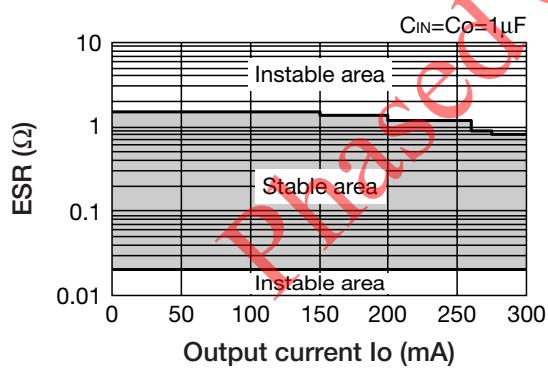
■ Turn-On Transient Responses Vo1



■ Turn-On Transient Responses Vo2



■ ESR Stable Area Vo1



■ ESR Stable Area Vo2

